County Social Services in North Dakota

New Officials Academy

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Purpose of County Social Services

 To serve as the legal designee of the Department of Human Service to provide quality, effective and efficient social services to the vulnerable citizens of North Dakota.

Early & Strong Traditions of Service

- County Poor Relief 1st Territorial Assembly (1862)
- Continued in 1st ND Constitution (1889)
- Great Depression (1930s):
 - Early federal programs enacted
 - 250,000 of the states 630,000 residents received assistance
 - 1935 1st state dollars appropriated for poor relief

From the 1862 to Today

Impactful Changes

- Great Depression, War of Poverty, Entitlement Programs, Child Welfare mandates, Title XX Programs, Older Americans Acts, ICWA, Welfare Reform, Health Care Reform, etc.
- State funding changes, mill structure changes, unfunded mandates, state legislative changes, availability of supportive service, technological changes
- Demographic shifts, family composition changes, societal norm changes, prevalence of alcohol and substance abuse, populations shifts, etc.

Today's County Social Services

Federal/State Influence:

- Vastly Federal/State Programs
- Program costs (benefits) and Administrative costs (compensation and operations) are funded by state and federal funds
- State and federal law, regulation, policy and direction must be upheld & greatly influence services

Today's County Social Services...

County Influence:

- County Commission sets budgetary appropriation
- Local services must meet local need
- Simply Put: We are county employees administering state and federal programs at the local level receiving funding by the state

Social Service Redesign

• SB 2206

2015 and 2017 Sessions

- Property-relief bill that transferred the responsibility for funding the program and administrative costs of operating county social services to the state
- Pilot projects and study focusing on how to redesign the human service delivery system for the next 100 years.

Social Service Redesign

• SB 2124: Currently being considered (2019 Session)

- Significantly amended in the Senate
- Resulting in more county-friendly provisions
- 19 proposed zones that will collaboratively with DHS and each other to meet citizen need
- Local employment and control
- Increased DHS communication to Zone Board
- Quick Timeline Step 1: December 1, 2019

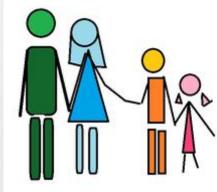
ND County Social Services

Four Key Areas



1. Children and Family Services

- Child Abuse & Neglect Assessment & Case Management
- Foster Care Case Management
- Early Childhood Services Licensing
- Foster Care Licensing
- Wraparound Case Management Services
- Family Preservation Services
- Subsidized Adoption and Guardianship



2. Home and Community Based Services



- Case Management Services
- Homemaker Services
- Chore Services
- Personal Care
- Non-Medical Transportation Services
- Adaptive Equipment
- QSP Services

3. Economic Assistance

- TANF
- Food Assistance (SNAP)
- Child Care Assistance
- Medical Assistance (Medicaid)
- Medicaid Expansion
- Home Heating Assistance (LIHEAP)
- Emergency services
- Foster Care Payments
- Basic Care







4. Administration

Support Services

Budgetary and Fiscal Administration

Agency Administration

Employee Supervision

Oversight and local policy administration



A Balancing Act: Roles of the Department of Human Services and County Social Services

State Supervised:

 Policy and parameter setting, directive in nature, merit system oversight and rule making, audit and reporting duty

County Administered:

- Local service, county employees, local decisionmaking/direction on how to deliver services, local access
- Defined in: NDCC 50-01-2-03

A Balancing Act: Role of the County Commission

- Final Appropriation Authority:
- Appoints Social Service Board Members



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A Balancing Act: Role of the County Social Service Board

- Duties are defined in NDCC 50-01.2
- Policy Making Board
- Ensures administration of programs
- A minimum of one County Commissioner must serve on the Social Service Board

Social Services is a bit different... Merit System Requirements

- Merit System Employees
 - Federally required *because* of federal programs administered
 - Impacts recruitment, selection, and promotion processes
 - Defines compensation scales
 - Qualification and training requirements
 - Performance-based retention
 - Fair treatment
 - Employee protections

So What Does This Mean?

- State system must be utilized for posting and filling positions
- State classification system applies job class, grade, and minimum qualifications
- State pay scale grade (minimums and maximums) applies for all county social service positions
- Impact of state policy/rules apply for personnel and human resources on local policy and practice
- Disciplinary process is subject to Progressive Discipline and appeals proceedings

Serving the vulnerable and the poor from birth to grave

- Infants
- Children
- Adolescents
- College Students/Young Adults
- Individuals
- Families
- Elderly
- Indigent deceased

- Disabled
- Medically frail
- Those without support systems
- Vulnerable and abused
- Low income employed individuals and families
- Unemployed or underemployed



Our Partners

- Auditor/Treasurer
- County Commission
- County Social Service Board
- Law enforcement
- Public Health
- State's Attorney
- Court System & Clerk's Office
- Health Care Facilities
- School Districts
- Long Term Care Facilities

- Private Providers: Village Family Services, Lutheran Social Services, PATH/AASK, Funeral Homes, etc.
- Job Service/Community Options
- Families
- Employers
- State Agencies
- Community Groups
- Food Banks
- Volunteer Organizations
- Faith Based Organizations
- And many more...